

Exactly nine numbers compose the Cauchy stress tensor $\boldsymbol{\sigma}$, which describes how matter can be deformed at a single point in our three dimensional space:

$$\boldsymbol{\sigma} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{xx} & \sigma_{xy} & \sigma_{xz} \\ \sigma_{yx} & \sigma_{yy} & \sigma_{yz} \\ \sigma_{zx} & \sigma_{zy} & \sigma_{zz} \end{bmatrix}.$$

The gentle squeeze of a toy or the tension in an iron beam, can both be described by this abstract tool. Mathematically, arbitrarily large stresses are allowed. However, in practice, as materials crack and crumble, so does the theory, becoming increasingly complex and unpredictable.

Text by Pietro Benedusi