THE BAKEKI			

THE BAKERY

THE DAKEDY

A cara. A lingua. O ventre (The Face. The Tongue. The Belly), 2022 Video, sound, 7:36 mins. Pinacoteca de São Paulo, donated by the artist, 2023

Named in reference to the historical use of the Badischer Kunstverein's vaulted gallery before becoming an art space, The Bakery displays Lenora de Barros' film A cara. A língua. O ventre. (2022), which was created on the occasion of the artist's exhibition at the Pinacoteca de São Paulo. This piece expresses the artist's core interest in the relationship between the body and the materiality of language which culminates here in a reflection on the poetry of maternity. Here, hand and tongue 'embody' matter and language, while the act of creation is envisioned as a living process

Lenora de Barros To See Aloud

Lenora de Barros lives and works in São Paulo, BR. After studying Linguistics at the Universidade de São Paulo, she began her career in the 1970s. Her early works can be placed in the field of visual poetry, associated with the concrete poetry movement of the 1950s. In 1975, she co-edited the single-issue art and poetry publication Poesia em greve (Poetry on Strike), and in 1983, her first book ONDE SE VÊ (Where you can see) was published (Klaxon, São Paulo). From 1993 to 1996, de Barros wrote the weekly column Umas (Some) for the Jornal da Tarde in São Paulo. Lenora has built a poetic marked by the use of various languages: video, performance, photography, sound installation, and objects.

Lenora de Barros' most important group and solo exhibitions include the 59th Venice Biennale—The Milk of Dreams, IT (2022); Não Vejo a Hora, Gomide&Co Gallery, São Paulo, BR (2023); Minha Língua, Pinacoteca do Estado de São Paulo, BR (2022), RETROMEMÓRIA, MAM-SP - Museu de Arte Moderna de São Paulo, BR (2022); Tools for Utopia: Selected Works from the Daros Latinamerica Collection. Kunstmuseum Bern. CH (2020): Radical Women: Latin American Art. 1960-1985. Hammer Museum, Los Angeles, USA (2017), Brooklyn Museum, New York, USA (2018). and Pinacoteca do Estado de São Paulo. BR (2018); ISSOÉOSSODISSO, Oficina Cultural Oswald de Andrade, São Paulo, BR (2016); the 4th Thessaloniki Biennial of Contemporary Art, GR (2013); the 11th Lyon Biennale, FR (2011); and the 17th, 24th, and 30th Biennials of São Paulo, BR (1983, 1998, and 2012).

Works by the artist can be found in international collections, including the Hammer Museum. Los Angeles. USA: MACBA - Museo de Arte Contemporáneo de Barcelona, ES; the Daros Latinamerica Collection, Zurich, CH; Museo Nacional Centro de Arte Reina Sofía, Madrid, ES; MAM-SP, and Pinacoteca do Estado de São Paulo, BR.

Warm thanks to the artist, Giovanna Langone, and the galleries Lombardi-Kargl and Gomide&Co.

The Badischer Kunstverein presents the work of poet and artist Lenora de Barros (*1953. São Paulo) in a first extensive solo exhibition in Germany. To See Aloud includes diverse facets of her artistic practice, ranging from early text works, videotext poems, publications and printed matter to photographs, objects, object poems and installations, all the way to her most recent performances and artworks in public spaces, including sound-based and collective activations. De Barros expands our understanding and experience of language by carrying the 'Verbivocovisual' approach into the 21st century. 'Verbivocovisual' is a neologism that was coined by James Joyce and later used in Concrete Poetry. Lenora de Barros adopts the term as a guiding principle of her artistic work and explores the interplay between the verbal, vocal and visual on multiple levels while subverting any hierarchy or restriction. 'I literally chose to go out of the space of the page, to depart for space' (de Barros. 2018).

The exhibition is therefore designed as a network of different thematic spaces (library, kaleidoscope, labyrinth, or radio station), which invite visitors to a multisensory, non-linear, and participatory experience that dissolves the boundaries between art and poetry. To See Aloud shows a large number of works from the 1970s to the present day and includes such central works as Poema (Poem) from 1979—photographed by Fabiana de Barros —which explores the poem as a love story between language and the tongue, or ONDE SE VÊ (Where you can see from 1982 featuring visual poems taking the form of early video texts. Mínimo Som

Mínimo (minimum sound) embodies an attempt to reach a primal sound through the repetition of a fragment, of a sound splinter and was realized in 1983 as a visual poem and later as a sound performance. Ping-Poema is the title of a series of works from the 1990s comprising object poems, sound installations, and photo performances, where the table tennis ball becomes a carrier and sonic interpreter of texts. Later works incorporate other elements of the game, such as paddles and tables, engaging in a dialogue with Russian Constructivism. The photo and video performance NÃO QUERO NEM VER (I DON'T WANT TO SEE NOTHING, 2005) explores female subjectivity while critically engaging with stereotypically feminine activities such as knitting. The library section of the exhibition contains publications and texts by Lenora de Barros as well as rare printed matter and catalogues contextualizing Brazilian Concrete Poetry, with the Noigandres group as a pioneering collective, which also influenced de Barros' artistic practice from the early stages - alongside other concrete and intermedia artists from the second half of the 20th century.

Lenora de Barros cultivates a special interest in the interplay between various languages, in particular of their verbal, visual and acoustic elements, which enrich one another and provoke playful yet radical and engaging reflections on the body, gender, and social issues. New forms of language emerge, generating a diverse universe of meanings.

Curated by Alex Balgiu and Anja Casser

Opening Thu, 27.2.2025, 7 pm

5:30 pm Preview Artist talk with Lenora de Barros

mq8 PREGAÇÃO Performance by Lenora de Barros

Bar with DJ from 9 pm

Save the Date! Fri, 2.5. & Sat, 3.5. Ping-Poema Festival With lectures, performances and conversations

Curator's Tour Wed, 9.4., 6 pm

Guided Tours Wed. 12.3.. 6 pm Wed, 7.5., 6 pm

To See Aloud is part of a series of exhibitions with female artists on concrete poetry.

The exhibition is supported by



Badischer Kunstverein is supported by



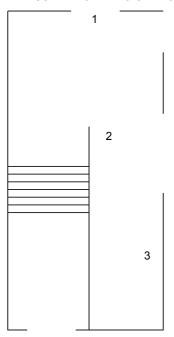


The Badischer Kunstverein is located in a historic buildingfrom 1900 under monument protection and the exhibitions are only partially accessible. Exhibitions in the Atrium are accessible with no step barrier. A gender-inclusive washroom with step barriers is located on the second mezzanine floor of our building. Our wish is to ensure that visitors have access without barriers as far as possible, and we are interested on improving and re-evaluating our structure. For further information and your suggestions regarding the accessibility at the Kunstverein, please contact us at info@badischer-kunstverein.de or +49 (0)721 28226

28.2. - 11.5.2025

Badischer Kunstverein Waldstraße 3, 76133 Karlsruhe +49 (0)721 282 26 info@badischer-kunstverein.de badischer-kunstverein.de Tue – Fri 11 am – 7 pm Sat, Sun & holidays 11 am – 5 pm Closed on Mondays

NEWSSTAND & RADIO STATION



THE NEWSSTAND

PROCURO-ME / WANTED BY MYSELF / ME BUSCO / ICH SUCHE MICH, 2003 Exhibition copy Wallpaper Gomide&Co, São Paulo

The multilingual work PROCURO-ME. which frames the entrance portal in the lobby of the Kunstverein, consists of two elements. First, there are photographs showing the artist wearing a variety of hairstyles. They were created in 1994 in a shopping centre in São Paulo with the help of software program used by hairstylists during the 1990s to simulate the appearance of a new haircut. Secondly, the individual images are designed as wanted posters. De Barros developed the poster series as a reaction to the wanted posters of terrorists that were published in the wake of September 11. In place of the appeal 'Wanted — Dead or Alive', Lenora de Barros inscribes her images with the words 'wanted by myself' in Portuguese, Spanish, English and German. In this eye-catching way, she invites people to find their own identity

...umas, 1993–1996 Artist book, print on newsprint paper Familia Edition, Madrid, 2020

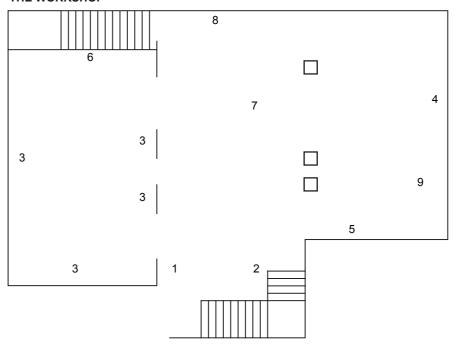
From 1993 to 1996, Lenora de Barros wrote the weekly column ... Umas for the daily newspaper Journal da Tarde in São Paulo. This space was a field of possibilities for the artist, where she could experiment with texts and images. She created many visual poems, photo performances and imaginary dialogs with other colleagues. The origin or underlying idea of some of the works shown in the exhibition lies in the articles written for the newspaper. In 2020, the publisher Familia Edition released a publication with the collected works of the column. This artist book is available at the Kunstverein information desk.

THE RADIO STATION

Engole o que disse, 2016 Ausstellungskopie Inkiet-Print auf Artistline Museum Natural Smooth Papier 22 × 31 cm Gomide&Co, São Paulo

The framed work above the new issue of Radiovisual is entitled Engole o que disse: Swallow what was said. Just like the cinematic works in the large gallery demonstrate, the tongue is a great carrier of meaning for language for Lenora de Barros. In contrast to the video performance shown there, No País da Língua Grande, Dai Carne a Quem Quer Carne, in which the tongue fills almost the entire format and takes center stage. it is all the more effective here that it is swallowed up by the artist in this work. The work also makes an important statement in its juxtaposition with The Radio Station: holding back one's own words and listening to the voices of others instead

THE WORKSHOP



THE WORKSHOP

Eu não disse nada [l Said Nothing], 1990 Exhibition copy Inkjet print on Artistline Museum Natural Smooth paper Gomide&Co, São Paulo

Contramão, 1994 Exhibition copy Inkjet print on Artistline Museum Natural Smooth paper Gomide&Co, São Paulo

On the bridge of The Workshop, two photographs face each other, in which the face and hands become the mediators of language. Eu não disse nada shows a series of faces covered with masks. Despite the title's statement "I have said nothing", the work reproduces precisely this sentence—in the spirit of John Cage's quote: I have nothing to say and I am saying it.

Contramão on the opposite page is a play on words. Contramão can be translated from Portuguese as "in the wrong way". If the word is split into two, as can be seen in the photograph, the result is "contra" (against) and "mão" (hand), making it clear that what is written here was not only created by one hand, but also in the opposite direction: written on a hand.

Thing of nothing, 1990 Analogue black-and-white photograph on baryte paper, mounted on aluminum Each 40 × 60 cm or 60 × 40 cm Edition: 3 + 1AP Lombardi-Kargl, Vienna

Thing in itself, 1990 9-part, analogue black-and-white photograph on baryte paper, mounted on aluminum Each 40 × 60 cm Edition: 3 + 1AP Lombardi-Kargl, Vienna

Ping-Poema N°3, 2014 Wood, rubber, metal and printed ping-pong 42 × 31 × 11,5 cm Lombardi-Kargl, Vienna

Game on (Ping-Poem), 2019 Metal, wood, rubber and printed plastic 130 × 170 cm Lombardi-Kargl, Vienna

The two photo performances Thing of nothing and Thing in itself—along with the two objects in the cabinets of The Workshop opposite, and the works at The Playground—belong to the context of the Ping Poem series. The phrases that give these works their titles—'Thing of nothing' and 'Thing in itself'-acquire new meanings and new readings by being printed on ping-pong balls and exploring their surroundings. Thing of Nothing displays the ping-pong balls covered with surgical gloves and gauzy fabric, together with liquid in a glass bowl. Here, the 'nothing' takes the form of an elusive texture

The Thing in itself, in contrast, is a single ball which rolls as a foreign object across the artist's body under the pair of tights she is wearing. In both series, the hand again makes an appearance as a crucial element of the literal handling of language

Jogos de Damas / Checkers, 2013 HD video, b/w, sound, 14:14 mins. and artist book Lombardi-Kargl, Vienna

The bilingual publication entitled *Jogos* de Damas (Checkers) is a compilation of Lenora de Barros' art criticism, which she wrote in her column ...umas. She wrote humorous and poetic texts about artists such as Lygia Clark, Marcel Duchamp, John Cage and Yoko Ono. The cover shows a game of a checkers with the signature (translated here): Like two numbers divided by themselves, they animate unique, unmirrored destinies. In the video work, Lenora de Barros plays checkers against herself. Passages are shown of her looking through the pages of the publication with the column contributions and then, while the camera focuses on her mouth, interpreting the texts vocally.

Poetic installation from ORA ERA, 2008 Wall drawing Courtesy: Lenora de Barros

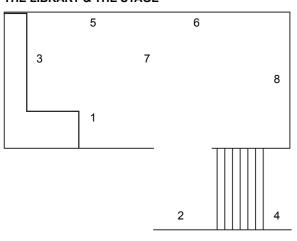
Poetic installation from Ri-Chora, 1975/2017 reproduced poem from the book Onde se Wall drawing and sound Sound editing: Cid Campos & MC2 Studios

Courtesy: Lenora de Barros

The walls of The Workshop too become a medium for poetry, and display the poetic works ORA ERA and Ri-Chora. Translated, ORA ERA means: Now it was. These two divergent temporalities are found here on two pilasters, allowing the beholder to walk between them, experiencing the tension between present and past spatially for a brief moment.

Ri-Chora too refers to a pair of opposites: laughter (ri) and crying (chora). The poem demonstrates that, as visualized, the actual sounds of these two emotions hardly differ at all: only printed title or rather the scoring of the poem heard here, makes a clear distinction between joyful or sorrowful emotions.

THE LIBRARY & THE STAGE



THE LIBRARY

Poetic installation from *Ultrapassado*, 2008 Wall drawing Courtesy: Lenora de Barros

The poetry of the work *Ultrapassado* emerges from the integration of the viewer into the surrounding space. The Portuguese word *ultrapassado* means 'surpassed' or 'overstepped'. Through the work's positioning in the corner of The Library, the entire word becomes legible only when the beholder actually performs this movement.

Poetic installation from Quanto tempo o tempo tem, 2008-2023 Wall drawing and sound Sound editing: Cid Campos Courtesy: Lenora de Barros

The poem Quanto tempo o tempo tem approaches the significance of temporality by recapitulating a conversation that Time has with itself. Lenora de Barros, whose voice is childishly alienated, made the sound recording together with her mother Flektra

Time asked time how much time time has.

Time answered time It had no time to speak about its time. and at the same time it did not want to know how much time its time had.

Time tried to gain time asking time how much time time had gained in order not to answer time before time. how much time time has.

Time answered time that time has as much time as the time time has.

Linguagem, 1979/1990/1994/2008/ 2017/2021/2022 Exhibition copy Inkiet print on Artistline Museum Natural Smooth paper Gomide&Co, São Paulo

As Paredes tem Ouvido (Sonoplastia 1), 2011 Exhibition copy Inkjet print on Artistline Museum Natural Smooth paper Gomide&Co. São Paulo

Dizendo quase nada, 1979/2013 Exhibition copy Inkjet print on Artistline Museum Natural Smooth paper Gomide&Co, São Paulo

Ventríloquo de mim [Ventriloquist of Mvselfl. 1994 Exhibition copy Inkjet print on Artistline Museum Natural Smooth paper Gomide&Co. São Paulo

Four further works in The Library again take up the significance of the body in its function for language. Linguagem shows the artist's tongue and the way it has changed over time. Seen in close-up images, the seemingly abstract surface, with its protrusions, depressions, and shadows, becomes a kind of visual poetry, even though it never engages in its actual function, that of producing speech. In As Paredes tem Ouvido (The walls have ears), the element of language is implied solely through the auditory organ. In the exhibition Sonoplastia (Sound sculpture), held in the Millan Gallery in 2001, Lenora de Barros invited visitors to listen in to imaginary conversations taking place in the adjacent room with the help of a drinking glass. In this way, visitors became

'voyeuristic listeners'. The idea of disembodied voices is taken up here and extended via the idea of the disembodied ear. Dizendo quase nada visualizes speaking without words: "Saying almost nothing". In the photographs showing the artist's face, the tongue is covered by a close-up of a typewriter. The round shape of the keystrokes precisely echoes the shape of the mouth.

The three-part photo series *Ventriloguo* de mim (Ventriloquist of Myself) shows Lenora de Barros in conversation with her own hand. Like a puppeteer, she manipulates her voice so that she can speak without opening her mouth. Thus it appears that she is actually in dialog with her hand.

Homenagem a George Segal, 1975/1990 Exhibition copy Series of 9 parts Inkjet print on Artistline Museum Natural Smooth paper Gomide&Co, São Paulo

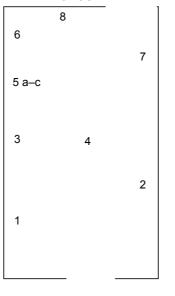
This nine-part photographic series was Lenora des Barros' first photo performance. By documenting the performance, she allows viewers to experience a temporally specific action independently of temporality. This series—created in 1975, for which the artist, in a tribute to the sculptures of George Segal, gradually covers herself first with foaming toothpaste than with shaving foam—is the point of departure for the video bearing the same title in the cinematic kaleidoscope.

THE STAGE

Pregação, 2014 Digital print on paper, hammers and nails Series of 8 parts, each 8, 45.72 × 60.96 cm Courtesy: Lenora de Barros

Facing The Library in the Waldstrasse gallery is The Stage, a space dedicated to the re-activation of Pregação (2014), a piece which will be performed collectively on the evening of the exhibition's opening. In this work, the letters making the word 'silence' are nailed to a wall by the participants, making visible and expanding composer John Cage's ideas and research on the forms of 'not-saying saying'. The physical action and multisensorial experience of this event will resound in time through the traces left by the activation on The Stage.

THE PLAYGROUND



THE PLAYGROUND

Study 1—6 (Ping Poems for Boris), 2000 Polaroid Each 10.5 × 8.7 cm Gomide&Co. São Paulo

Ping-Poema to Boris, 2015 5-part, print on cardboard, plexiglas Each 29,05 × 21 cm Edition: 1/5 Lombardi-Kargl, Vienna

In 1990, Lenora de Barros moved from São Paulo to Milan, marking an important change in her artistic praxis: with the continuous series Ping Poems, she inaugurated a playful exploration of the ways in which the meaning and interpretation of words change when they leave the pages of a book and are situated in different contexts. The new bearers of the words were first ping pong balls, which literally bounce around in space. An important element here is the characteristic Lombardi-Kargl. Vienna 'ping-pong' sound of a ball rebounding from a hard surface. Later, the bats and the table tennis plate were added as bearers of poems

The sound, along with the movement of the table tennis balls, also specifies the rhythm of the Ping-Poema to Boris: the five-part poem on the right wall, along with the corresponding polaroids on the lamperies, are dedicated to the Brazilian writer and literary critic Boris Schnaiderman. As a translator working from Russian to produce texts in Portuguese, he contributed substantially to familiarizing Brazilian readers with Russian literature. Both verbally and visually, the poem composed by Lenora de Barros traces out the play of verse meters, syllables and accents:

To construct poetics / and metrics / and syllables / hypothetical / from the optics / chaotic / of a utopic match / of a ping /

Poetic installation from O que une - separa [What Unites -Separates1, 2024 Wall drawing Courtesy: Lenora de Barros

Ping Poem Table, 2025 Lacquered MDF board, vinyl, net, metal Exhibition copy Courtesy: Lenora de Barros

The artist invites visitors to engage in a game (of table tennis) with the Ping Poems. In the Kunstverein, the ballswhich she has printed with specific words —bear a hyphen. Both the balls and the table were produced especially for the exhibition. The hyphen takes up the largeformat poem painted and displayed on the wall: O que une — separa: (What unites separates), thereby calling attention to the ambiguous function of this punctuation

The Revolt of Delicacy N°2, 2021/2022 Cushion, polyester, printed ping-pong ball 24 × 24 × 9 cm

The Revolt of Delicacy N°5, 2021/2022 Cushion, polyester, printed ping-pong ball 24 × 24 × 9 cm Lombardi-Kargl, Vienna

The Revolt of Delicacy N°4, 2021/2022 Cushion, polyester, printed ping-pong ball 24 × 24 × 9 cm Lombardi-Kargl, Vienna

d (in the foyer) Ping-Poema N°7, 2014 Polyester, printed ping-pong ball and wood $80 \times 32 \times 6 \text{ cm}$ Lombardi-Karql, Vienna

Ping Pong, 2022 Wood, rubber and printed ping-pong ball 24 × 6,6 × 4 cm, Auflage: 8 Lombardi-Kargl, Vienna

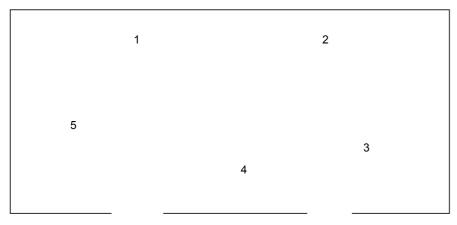
Suprematist Factory 2, 2000 Half ping pong racket with rubber coating, 2 metal ping pong net mounts, 1 white ping pong ball mounted on wood bars 57.15 × 24.13 × 6.99 cm Lombardi-Kargl, Vienna

The object-style Ping Poem works engage in a dialogue with Russian Constructivism, as expressed for example in geometric forms and primary colours: everyday objects such as tennis table rackets, balls and nets are dissociated into their individual parts and reconstructed as poetic objects. These works give voice to a certain irony: they refer to a game whose rules are familiar, and all of whose necessary elements (rackets, balls, nets) are present, but at the same time, have been arranged and defamiliarized in a way that makes it impossible to play the real game. Further Ping Poema objects are distributed throughout the fover and atrium

Glove Games, 2022 Exhibition copy Inkjet print on Artistline Museum Natural Smooth paper Lombardi-Kargl, Vienna

Another form taken by the *Ping Poems* alongside objects and installations is the photo performance: in Glove Games, the play with words by the gloved hands highlights the significance of the body for the artist with regard to expression and language. For Lenora de Barros, the hands in particular are an extension of the mouth. and an additional medium of linguistic expression. The idea of the own body as a medium of speech is encountered as well in many other exhibited works, in particular the films in the next exhibition gallery

THE KALEIDOSCOPE



THE KALEIDOSCOPE

Tato do Olho IThe Touch of the Evel. 2005 From the series: Não Quero Nem Ver [I Don't Even Want to See] Video, 1:06 mins. Text and video performance: Lenora de Barros Edition: Lenora de Barros, Luciano Mariussi and Marcos Ribeiro Photography and cinematography: Luciano Mariussi Audio edition: Lenora de Barros and

Hilton Raw Translation: Noemi Jaffe Gomide&Co, São Paulo

This video performance takes up a motif that is encountered frequently in the works of Lenora de Barros: the play of the hands as a form of language. In this instance, the video belongs to the series entitled Não Quero Nem Ver (I Don't Even Want to See). The point of departure for this work is the column Umas..., which Lenora de Barros wrote for a daily newspaper in São Paulo between 1993 and 1996. In a play of text and images, she explores a variety of themes: among other things, she displays a series of photos showing famous personalities covering their eyes with their hands, together with a poem:

the hand that covers / the touch / of the eye / cannot see / the eve / doesn't live / with no

No País da Língua Grande, Dai Carne a Quem Quer Carne, 2006 Video performance, 0:33 mins. Direction: Luciano Mariussi Gomide&Co, São Paulo

Translated into English, the title of this work reads: 'In the land of the great tongue, give meat to those who want meat. The film is among the works in which the artist turns her attention toward the tongue as a basic element for generating speech. In the video performance, Lenora de Barros produces sounds by moving her tongue, but this does not, however, result in intelligible speech. At the same time, the video emphasizes linguistic relationship: in many languages descended from Latin, the words for tongue and for language are one and the same, and the same is true for Portuguese, the artist's mother tongue (língua = tongue or language). Even English, where—just as in German—there are two different words for tongue and language (Zunge and Sprache in German), this connection is expressed in the term 'mother tongue'. In German, the relationship is most likely articulated in the expression 'in fremden Zungen sprechen'—to speak in foreign tongues.

CALABOCA [SHUT UP], 2006 Video, 0:59 mins. Edition: Lenora de Barros and Luciano Photography and camera: Luciano Mariussi Sound: Cid Campos Gomide&Co, São Paulo

This video confronts the viewer with Lenora de Barro's opened mouth and tongue. Despite this speaking gesture, no words are own body in connection with an element of audible. Instead, the letters S, I, L, E, N, C, I, O (silence) are nailed noisily with a hammer onto a photograph of the artist's wide open mouth, normally a source of speech. In this way, the video conveys a certain aggressivity, both through the sounds, as well as through this assault on the artist's own face. The contradiction engendered by the use of the written word for silence is an allusion to the American artist and composer John Cage. Here, his statement 'I have nothing to say, and I'm saying it' receives a new interpretation.

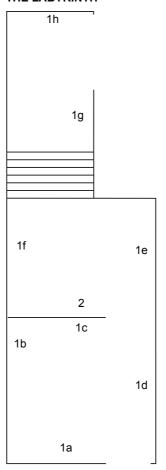
Homenagem a George Segal, 1985 Video performance Digital betacam video, 03:05 mins. Direction: Walter Silveira Sound edition: Cid Campos Gomide&Co, São Paulo

Many works by Lenora de Barros refer to other artists, whether directly or indirectly. Homenagem a George Segal is dedicated to the American sculptor George Segal (1924-2000), whose plaster sculptures made a powerful impression on the artist during her studies. Based on a photo performance from 1975 (on view in The Library), the video performance shown here dates from a decade later. Gradually, the ostensibly everyday activity of brushing one's teeth progresses until her entire body is engulfed in toothpaste. As in the other video works on display, de Barros makes her own body fully available for the sake of an artistic statement: here, the body's own actions cause it to disappear entirely from view.

Estudo para Facadas, 2012 Vídeo 1:32 mins Photography and camera: Ruy Teixeira Edition: Felipe Pereira Barros Sound: Dan Zimmerman Zoo Produções Culturais Courtesy: Lenora de Barros

In this video, Lenora de Barros engages in a dialogue with the Italian artist Lucio Fontana, who began employing the motif of the slashed canvas in 1958. In this gallery with a cinematic kaleidoscope, the 'Study for Stabs' brings together a number of different elements from other exhibited works. Here, the presentation of the artist's violence or of direct attack is taken to a new level. In a number of brief sequences, we see the artist's mouth opened wide and emitting a silent scream. In the following 'chapters', it is not a scream that is heard, and instead the sound of a knife penetrating the photographic image from behind and emerging from the mouth, almost like a tongue, at the same time leaving gashes in the face. This work plays with various contrasts: silence and sound, video and photography, the softness of the mouth and the violence of the knife cut.

THE LABYRINTH



THE LABYRINTH

Poetic installation from Onde se vê. 1983 Wall drawings and wall paper Courtesy: Lenora de Barros

The three cabinets of the Kunstverein themselves become an interpretation of poems published by Lenora de Barros in 1983 in the book Onde se vê (Where you can see). They offer visitors the possibility to bodily experience a publication—as various three-dimensional book pages transferred into the room. At the beginning, visitors are greeted by the lettering:

IMAGE / where you can see / listen (1a)

TO RUIN NOISE (1b)

On view in the first cabinet is a vellow wall pattern that, upon closer inspection, spells out the words Mínimo Som Mínimo (1c). In this poem, composed in 1983, Lenora de Barros investigates the significance and the feel of words through their sonority and a return to their individual primal sounds. In virtually all languages, interestingly, one of the first words spoken by a child begins with the letter 'm': Mama, mãe, maman, mom. Beginning in 1994, Lenora de Barros began to further develop her visual poems and vocal performances. The interpretation of Mínimo Som Mínimo heard here was created in 2010.

Opening up on the right-hand side of the first cabinet, where originally two windows can be found, are two pages of text from *Onde se vê*. They translate as follows:

What / all the time / hides / is part of my being / where? (1d)

Intact star / moves light / almost eve / faint touch / in the center retina / white spectacle (1e)

The shadow cast by the first poem simulates the appearance and disappearance of the text from the picture plane. The poems were developed in part for the exhibition 'Arte Pelo Telefone: Videos Texte' (1982, curated by Julio Plaza) in the Museu de Arte Contemporâne at the University of São Paulo. The participating artists were invited to experiment with the medium of the videotext and to develop images and texts in a state of movement and in various colours. For her publication, Lenora de Barros faced the challenge of arriving at graphic solutions for transferring various video levels to the two-dimensional pages of a book.

This can be seen as well in the poem Eclipse (1f) in the second cabinet: in the videotext, the meaning of the word eclipse is expressed through the appearance and disappearance of the Portuguese words for moon, climax, sun, collapse, eclipse, and collapse. At the Kunstverein, the interpretation, involving the interplay of black-and-white text, is scenarized for the first time as a large-format wall installation

The poems in the yellow cabinet at the end of the labyrinth translate as:

Beings / inter / cross / and almost / close / hide / kisses / that never / find (1g)

EYES IN THE EYES OF THE SUN / LABYRINTH OF LIGHT (1h)

Poema, 1979/2014 series of 6-part black-and-white Fine Art print on Hahnemühle Photo Rag each 22.2 × 29.8 cm Edition: 12/20 Lombardi-Kargl, Vienna

Photograph: Fabiana de Barros

Poema features a love story between language and the tongue – many romance languages use a single word for both meanings (the word *lingua* in Portuguese). This work is based on the artist's desire to compose a poem on this relationship, and on the process of confronting the blank page from which poetry is expected to arise. Departing from the question of how many texts could be created with the alphabet using the keys of her typewriter. Lenora de Barros finally developed a visual form for the poem. Like the video works in The Kaleidoscope in the large gallery. these photographs display the almost aggressive bodily experience to which the artist exposes herself