Scott Benzel Mindless Pleasures August 1 - September 26, 2020

Scott Benzel's sculptures, installations, and photographs function both as deep investigations of cultural histories and as pieces in a coded game of chance. In *Mindless Pleasures*, his first solo exhibition at Bel Ami, Benzel combines remnants and ephemera to illustrate how often our most meaningful relationships form through a triangulation of contingency, timing, and pure luck. Each work embeds an element of risk, sometimes via a performative creative process, or by framing chance encounters in the context of an exhibition.

*Mindless Pleasures* takes its name from a working title for Thomas Pynchon's *Gravity's Rainbow*, a frenzied epic about the painful legacies of cultural inheritance in the dark moment of reckoning at the end of WWII. The original cover (discarded by Pynchon's editor) was based on the Tarot card "the Tower," a castle with blazing windows symbolizing destruction and renewal. Following Scott Benzel's logic is sometimes like tracing the warping storylines of Pynchon's sprawling narrative, always verging on collapse. At first Benzel's references might appear bleak. Shuffle the deck again and his work conveys a superabundance of signs, portents, and revelations. Contrasting with Pynchon's nihilistic farce, in this game of chance Benzel skillfully shows how a stroke of luck or misfortune can have profound implications.

The central work in the exhibition, Hybrid Monte Carlo (2020), features a vintage roulette wheel, analog circuits based on mathematical equations, and three oscilloscopes. The piece references the study of random processes, exploring how unpatterned fluctuations test perceptions of order, chaos, and free will. The installation invites you to place a bet. Apparently, the ball has an equal chance of landing in any of the 37 pockets. While the game is not "fixed," hidden operations are taking place: the wheel feeds data into the circuits and the oscilloscopes visualize equations by Edward Lorenz and Henri Poincaré, mathematicians who used roulette to develop what later became known as chaos or complexity theory. By utilizing antiquated technology as a form of citation, Benzel traces the modern history of chaos as a concept, and revels in the ways that gambling has opened up existential questions about our agency in the universe. Hybrid Monte Carlo also contains an oblique reference to Marcel Duchamp's Monte Carlo Bond (1924-1938), a "financial document" which proposed a system for investing in art and roulette simultaneously. As it played out, Duchamp's method was so excruciatingly slow that it comically drained the thrill of the gamble. Applying a similar dark humor to his own game, Benzel's system generates chaos. However, longer engagement reveals that patterns do form: numbers eventually repeat. While predicting the future is dubious, the passage of time allows for the observation of phenomena beyond comprehension, and a clearer picture of the tension between chaos and control.

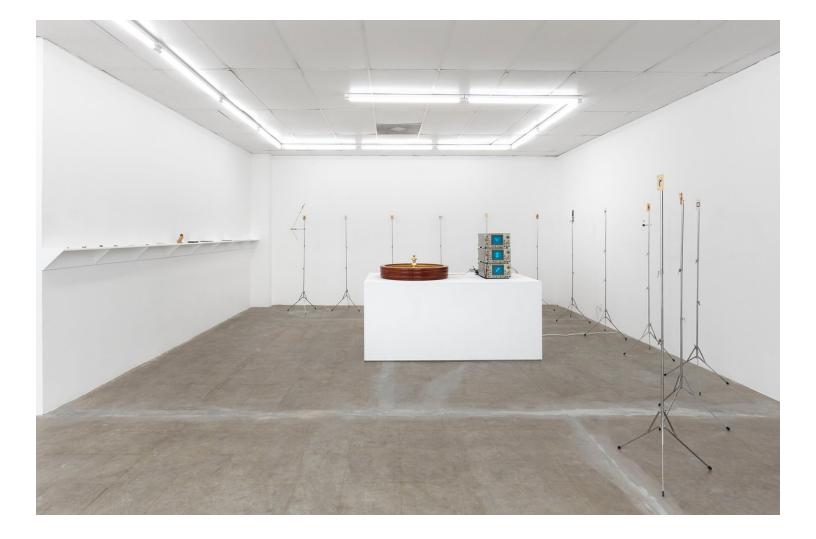
Today, under late capitalism, we are all gamblers taking risks just to stay in the game. As theorist Joshua Ramey asserts in *Neoliberalism as a political theology of chance*, "the entire world, the

universe itself, is figured as a market, and chance in nature is both framed as and subordinated to those actionable risks that might make someone profit." Ramey argues that neoliberalism forecloses all other ways of thinking about chance: either you are a winner or a loser. Scott Benzel defies this assumption and expands the conversation through his sculptural sensibility and openness to new terms. Using playful methods of citation, appropriation and homage, Benzel highlights how artists gamble, intentionally hovering in realms where meaning can burst into existence and just as easily collapse. Works in the exhibition offer due credit to creative gamblers including Brassaï, Dan Graham, Robert Filliou, Lee Lozano, Stéphane Mallarmé and others. Following suit, though with a manner of self-aware jest, Benzel does not limit his investigation to the art world and its rules: he draws on the languages of mathematics, music, film and literature. In particular, Robert Altman's film *California Split* and Alexander Pushkin's short story *The Queen of Spades* serve to triangulate calculation, fate, and chance.

In *Mindless Pleasures*, Scott Benzel studies how chance informs art, and how art increases our awareness of the shifting meanings around us. He shows how the moment of risk pays off in more than just dollars; it can expand our possibilities.

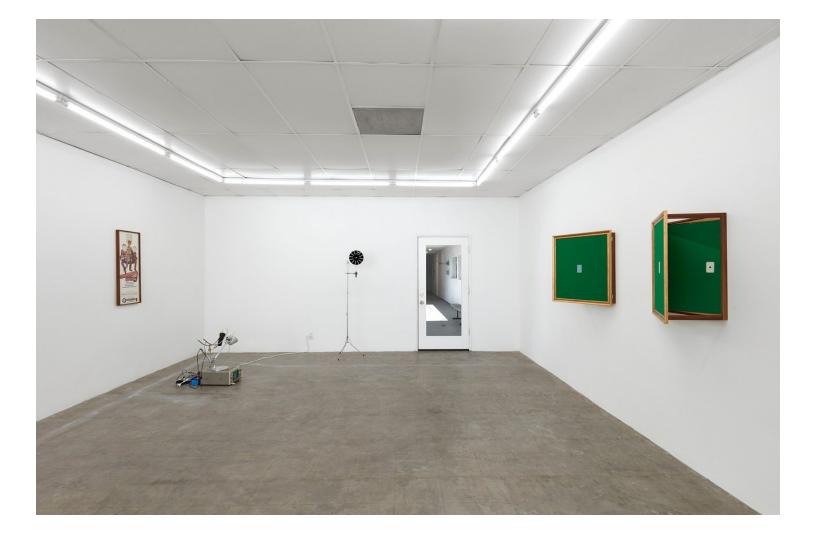
Scott Benzel (b. 1968 in Scottsdale, AZ) lives and works in Los Angeles. Benzel's work has been exhibited or performed at the J. Paul Getty Museum, Los Angeles; the Los Angeles County Museum of Art; the Museum Of Contemporary Art Los Angeles; LA><ART, Los Angeles; The MAK Center for Art and Architecture, Los Angeles; The Palm Springs Art Museum; and the Contemporary Art Museum St. Louis; and was featured in Made in LA 2012 at the Hammer Museum, Los Angeles. Solo exhibitions include Maccarone, New York; Various Small Fires, Los Angeles; and Shanaynay, Paris. Benzel has collaborated with artists including Mike Kelley, Kathryn Andrews, and Mark Hagen, and curated exhibitions at the MAK Center for Art and Architecture (The Schindler House), Los Angeles; Los Angeles Contemporary Archive; and the Welcome Inn, Eagle Rock, CA, as part of Pacific Standard Time organized by Getty Museum, Los Angeles, among others. Benzel is a member of the faculty of the School of Art at California Institute of the Arts.





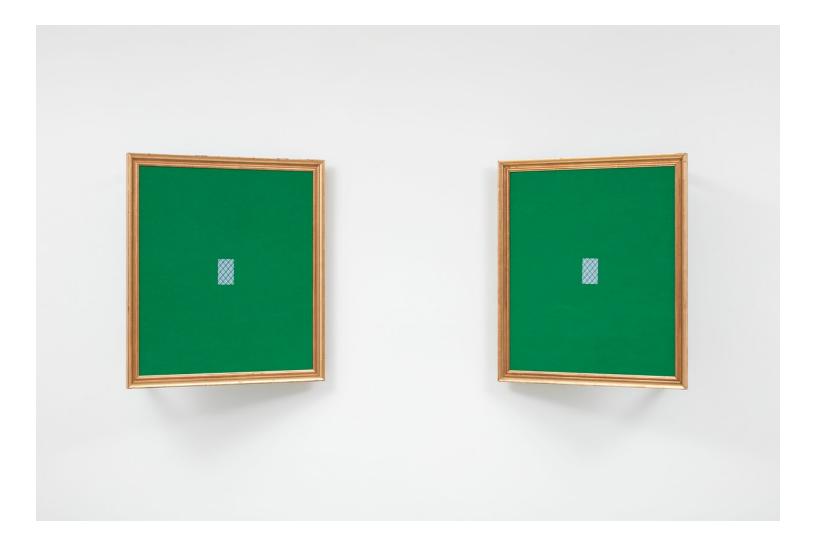












Scott Benzel *The Ace in 'The Queen of Spades'*, 2020 Playing cards, felt, gilt frames, wood, glass, mirror 28 x 76 1/2 x 15 in (71.1 x 194.3 x 38.1 cm)



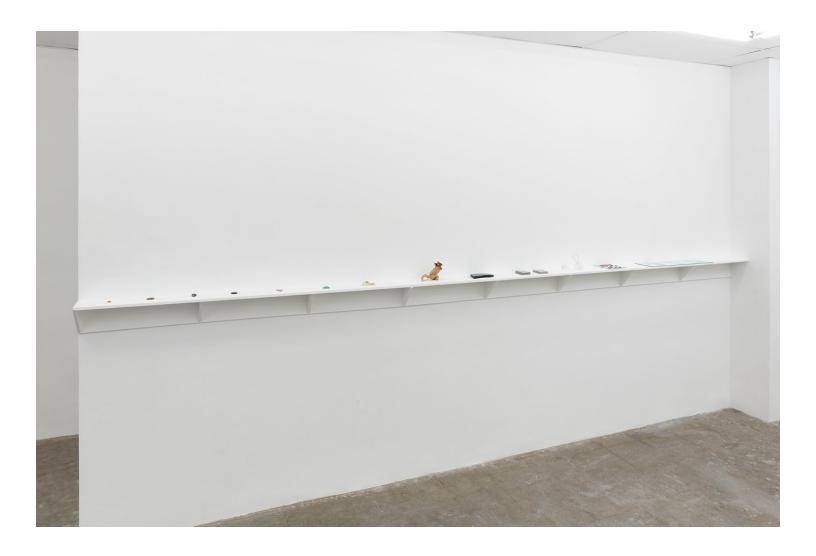
Scott Benzel The Ace in 'The Queen of Spades', 2020



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Scott Benzel The Ace in 'The Queen of Spades', 2020



## Scott Benzel

*Mindless Pleasures ('Shuffled my mind, came up with a better hand')*, 2020 Shelf with: Prehistoric insect preserved in Baltic amber circa 40 million BCE, lucky hand root (salep), Roman Janus head coin circa 30-40 BCE, Campo del Cielo meteorite fragment, modified cowrie shells, mandrake root, polished obsidian, Stardust Resort and Casino regulation casino playing card deck, Helmholz resonator, Klein bottle, modified Marcel Duchamp Rotoreliefs (Koenig edition), Janus head cartouches, glass, chicken wire 6 x 78 x 6 in (15.2 x 452.1 x 15.2 cm)



Scott Benzel Mindless Pleasures ('Shuffled my mind, came up with a better hand'), 2020



Scott Benzel Mindless Pleasures ('Shuffled my mind, came up with a better hand'), 2020



Scott Benzel Mindless Pleasures ('Shuffled my mind, came up with a better hand'), 2020



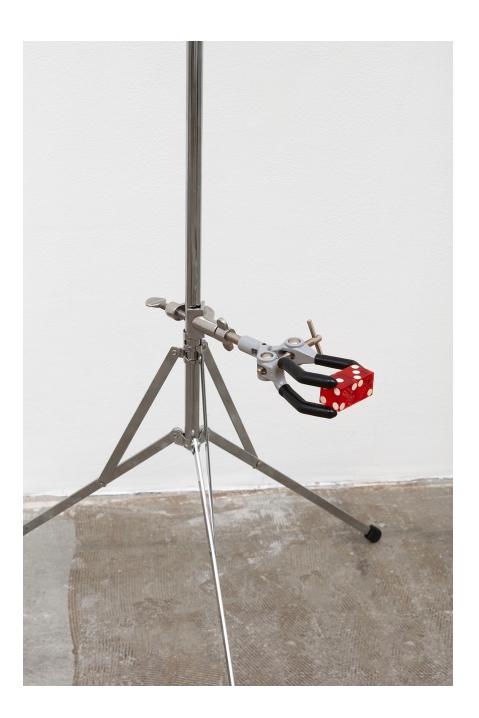
Scott Benzel *Telepathic Gambler*, 2020 Surrealist playing cards, Zenith/Rhine ESP test cards, broken aluminum arrow, Mars meteorite dust, Cal-Neva Lodge dice, iPod Touch, stroboscope, hardware, modified nickel steel music stands Dimensions variable













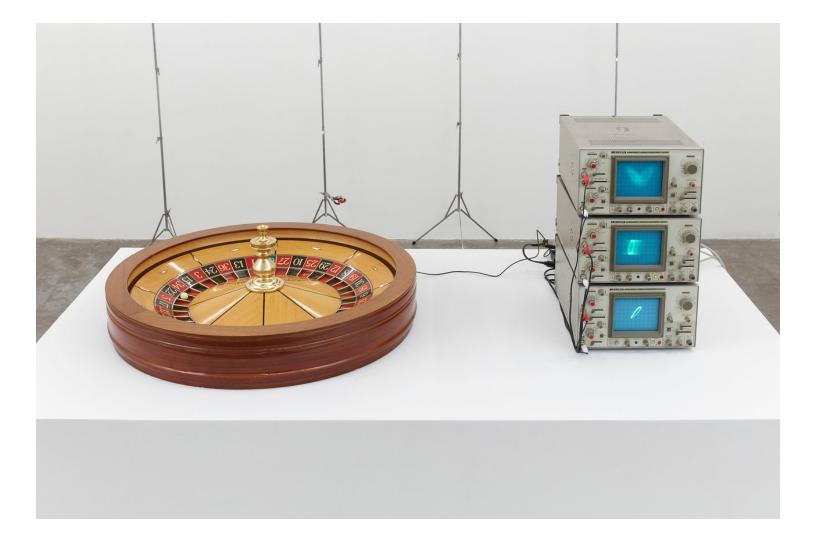




Scott Benzel

Hybrid Monte Carlo, 2020

Regulation roulette wheel, regulation 'pin,' contact mic, motion detector, oscilloscopes, analog electronic circuits based on the equations of Henri Poincaré and Edward Lorenz (top: Lorenz 'Owl Face,' middle: Poincaré diagram, bottom: Poincaréderived RC 'chaos ladder'), circuits by AST 73 x 20 x 41 in (185.4 x 50.8 x 104.1 cm)



Scott Benzel Hybrid Monte Carlo, 2020

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Scott Benzel *Luxor, Las Vegas*, 2020 Gelatin silver print 22 x 26 in (55.9 x 66 cm) framed 1/3 + 1AP



## Scott Benzel

Stardust, or the 3-body problem, Stardust Casino, 2020

Souvenir picture holder, gelatin silver print of Betty Asher, Marcel Duchamp et al. at Lido de Paris, Stardust Resort and Casino in Las Vegas, 18th century print depicting parabolic motion of celestial bodies, wood; Stardust Casino Lido de Paris program, iron meteorite dust, wood, glass  $7 \times 10 \times 9$  in (17.8 x 25.4 x 22.9 cm)



Scott Benzel Stardust, or the 3-body problem, Stardust Casino, 2020



Scott Benzel Stardust Lido de Paris, 2020 Promotional pamphlet from the Stardust Resort and Casino from the 1960s, iron meteorite dust, glass, cork, wood 10 x 7 x 2 in (25.4 x 17.8 x 5.1 cm)



Scott Benzel Pylon, 2020 Gelatin silver print 18.5 x 21 1/4 in (47 x 54 cm) framed 1/3 + 1AP



Scott Benzel *Stele*, 2020 Gelatin silver print 21 1/4 x 18 1/2 (54 x 47 cm) 1/3 + 1AP



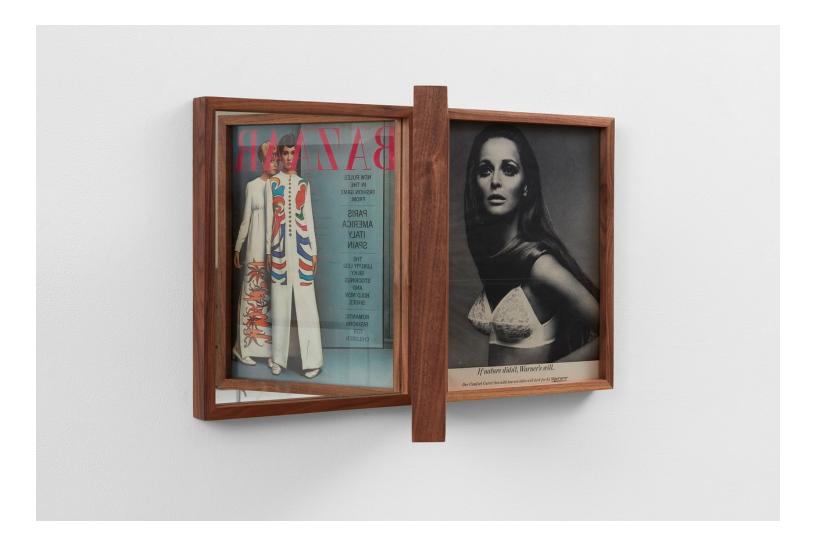
Scott Benzel N'abolira, 2020 Stéphane Mallarmé's 'Un coup de dés jamais n'abolira le hasard' from Éditions Gallimard, 'A Million Random Digits with 100,000 Normal Deviates' published by The RAND Corporation in 1955, Stardust Casino and Hotel dice, wire, wood, glass, mirror 66 1/2 x 22 1/2 x 11 in (168.9 x 57.2 x 27.9 cm)



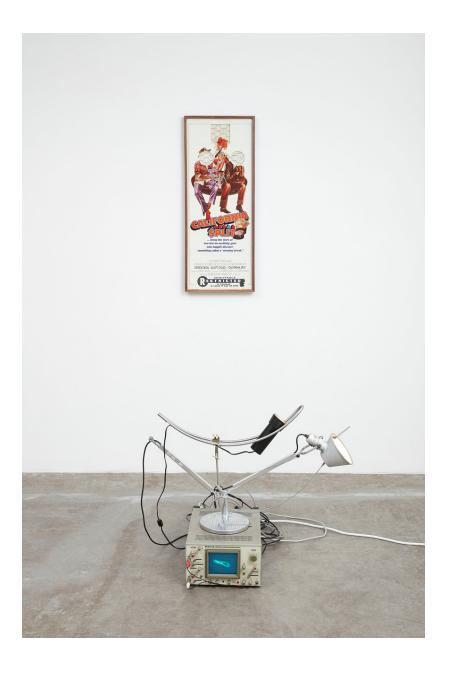
Scott Benzel *N'abolira*, 2020



Scott Benzel *Figurative*, 2020 Issue of Harper's Bazaar from 1968 featuring Dan Graham's 'Figurative,' (1965); wood, glass, mirror 13 x 21 x 10 1/4 in (33 x 53.3 x 26 cm)



Scott Benzel *Figurative*, 2020



## Scott Benzel

California Split / La Fourchette du Cavalier, 2020

Modified Artemide lamp, modified lamp by unknown Italian designer, oscilloscope, analog electronic circuits based on the equations of Hermann Minkowski and Edward Lorenz, modified 'California Split' film poster, Minkowski spacetime diagram, Poincaré diagrams from 'New Methods of Celestial Mechanics,' chicken wire, circuits by AST Dimensions variable



Scott Benzel California Split / La Fourchette du Cavalier, 2020



Scott Benzel California Split / La Fourchette du Cavalier, 2020